

## WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

Global Equity Select aims to give investors access to the best opportunities in global equity markets. The fund is biased to developed markets and actively seeks out attractively valued shares to maximise long-term growth. Our intent is to outperform the global equity benchmark over all periods of five years and longer.

## WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

The fund invests in the shares of companies listed on equity markets around the world. The fund has a bias towards developed markets, typically holding at least 70% in developed market shares and up to 30% invested in shares listed in emerging markets. While our intent is to remain fully invested in shares, the fund is allowed to hold up to 20% of its portfolio in cash and bonds.

## IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

Global Equity Select will only invest in shares we view as being attractively valued relative to other shares which may offer superior long-term investment growth.

The fund's share selection is the result of rigorous international research conducted by Coronation's investment team.

While we have a disciplined approach to reducing risk, shares can be volatile investments and there is a meaningful risk of capital loss over the short term. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

## HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

The fund is managed to deliver the best possible returns over the long term; an investment horizon of 10 years or more is therefore ideal. It is not suitable as a single investment for investors who need to preserve their capital over five years or less.

## WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- ▶ are comfortable with full exposure to shares listed in global markets outside South Africa;
- ▶ accept that the fund may underperform the market significantly in the short term in pursuit of superior long-term gains;
- ▶ hold other investments and are looking to add exposure to global equity markets;
- ▶ do not require an income from their investment.

## WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 1.25% is payable.

The current provision for a fee discount of 0.35% p.a., applicable if the fund underperforms its benchmark over any rolling 60-month period, will continue to apply to the new fixed fee until 31 March 2021.

Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs. We do not charge any fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on [www.coronation.com](http://www.coronation.com)

## WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?



**NEIL PADOA**  
BEconSc (AcSci), FFA



**HUMAIRA SURVE**  
BScEng, MBA, CFA

## GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

<b>Launch Date</b>	30 January 2015
<b>Class</b>	A
<b>Class Type</b>	Accumulation
<b>Fund Domicile</b>	Ireland
<b>Currency</b>	US Dollar
<b>Benchmark</b>	MSCI All Country World Index
<b>Investment Minimum</b>	US\$15 000
<b>Bloomberg</b>	CORGEAU
<b>ISIN</b>	IE00BV8WVD49
<b>SEDOL</b>	BV8WVD4

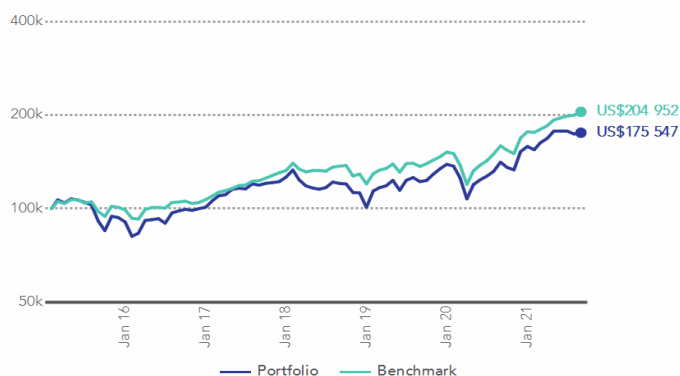
CLASS A as at 31 August 2021

Launch date	30 January 2015
Fund size	US\$ 274.26 million
NAV	17.55
Benchmark/Performance	MSCI All Country World Index
Fee Hurdle	
Portfolio manager/s	Neil Padoa and Humaira Surve

Total Expense Ratio	1 Year	3 Year
Fee for performance in line with benchmark	0.76%	1.11%
Adjusted for out/(under)-performance	1.02%	1.17%
Fund expenses	(0.23)%	(0.12)%
VAT	0.03%	0.02%
Transaction costs (inc. VAT)	0.00%	0.00%
Total Investment Charge	0.34%	0.20%
	1.10%	1.31%

## PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

## GROWTH OF A \$100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES)



## RETURNS VS BENCHMARK (AFTER FEES)

	Fund	Benchmark	Active Return
Since Launch (unannualised)	75.6%	105.0%	(29.4%)
Since Launch (annualised)	8.9%	11.5%	(2.6%)
Latest 5 years (annualised)	12.3%	14.3%	(2.0%)
Latest 3 years (annualised)	13.3%	14.3%	(1.0%)
Latest 1 year	24.4%	28.6%	(4.3%)
Year to date	10.7%	15.9%	(5.2%)

## RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	18.1%	14.3%
Sharpe Ratio	0.44	0.75
Maximum Gain	31.3%	34.8%
Maximum Drawdown	(24.3%)	(21.4%)
Positive Months	59.5%	69.6%

	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	56.6%	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021
Lowest annual return	(21.9%)	Mar 2015 - Feb 2016

## MONTHLY PERFORMANCE (AFTER FEES)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2021	(2.4)%	5.3%	3.3%	5.5%	0.0%	0.0%	(2.1)%	0.9%					10.7%
Fund 2020	(1.4)%	(8.3)%	(14.5)%	11.2%	3.7%	2.7%	3.7%	6.9%	(3.9)%	(1.8)%	14.5%	3.9%	14.1%
Fund 2019	12.9%	2.4%	1.5%	4.1%	(7.1)%	7.7%	2.0%	(3.0)%	0.9%	4.8%	4.1%	3.4%	37.5%
Fund 2018	5.4%	(7.0)%	(4.4)%	(1.6)%	(0.9)%	1.2%	4.2%	(1.0)%	(0.4)%	(6.1)%	(0.2)%	(10.2)%	(20.1)%
Fund 2017	5.0%	3.6%	0.9%	4.0%	0.9%	(0.6)%	3.8%	(0.9)%	1.4%	0.5%	0.7%	3.4%	24.9%

## PORTFOLIO DETAIL

## GEOGRAPHIC ASSET ALLOCATION EXPOSURE

Sector	31 Aug 2021
<b>Equities</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
North America	54.1%
Europe	20.6%
Asia	24.9%
South Africa	0.4%

## TOP 10 HOLDINGS

As at 30 Jun 2021	% of Fund
Charter Communication A	4.5%
Facebook Inc.	4.4%
Alphabet Inc	4.2%
Philip Morris Int Inc	3.7%
Jd.com Inc ADR	3.5%
Airbus Group Se	3.5%
Alibaba Group Holding	3.4%
Visa Inc	3.4%
Naspers Ltd	3.4%
Netflix Inc	2.7%

*Please note that the commentary is for the retail class of the Fund.*

Equity markets continued to march higher in the second quarter, returning 7.4%. This brings the recovery from the Covid-19 lows in March last year to approximately 90%. The Fund returned 5.6% in the quarter, slightly lagging the market, although over a more meaningful period of five years, the Fund return of 14.6% per annum (p.a.) is ahead of the market.

Equifax, one of the three largest US credit bureaus, is a recent addition to the portfolio, only purchased in March, but one that has contributed to performance from the get-go. Credit bureaus collect information on effectively all credit-active individuals and sell this data and associated analytics to banks and other credit providers who use it to gauge the riskiness of a loan. These are advantaged businesses – high barriers to entry, pricing power and operating leverage translate into highly recurring, highly profitable revenue streams. At the time of our purchase, we did not think the market fully appreciated an inflection in Equifax's growth.

Equifax had lagged the rest of the sector since it fell victim to a large-scale data breach in 2017, where personal information on 148 million individuals was compromised. This event spurred significant change in their business. Under a new management team, Equifax has spent \$1.25bn on a new IT platform, moving all its data and applications into the public cloud. While this has been a painful process, it has allowed the company to reduce costs and materially accelerate the pace of new product development. We saw concrete evidence of this towards the end of 2020 and further momentum early in 2021.

Equifax's biggest differentiator, though, in our view, is its Workforce Solutions business (EWS). Painstakingly built over a number of years through building relationships with employers and payroll service providers, Equifax has the largest national employment and income verification database. During the past year, Equifax surpassed a key level of having more than half the non-farm US payroll in its database. In our view, this business has reached a tipping point where the penetration is sufficiently high for clients to embed EWS in their workflow, resulting in more frequent usage and sticky relationships. Despite its dominance (no competitor comes close), there is still a long runway for growth for EWS, as they expand the dataset as well as launch new product applications.

Finally, Equifax is heavily exposed to the mortgage market. With interest rates remaining low, a wave of mortgage refinancing over the past year has resulted in increased demand for credit reports and employment verification. Equifax has benefited disproportionately from this growth in the mortgage market, and there is some justified concern that revenue growth could stall when the mortgage market cools. We claim no special insight in guessing when that may be but believe the long-term penetration growth in EWS and a cyclical recovery in non-mortgage related lending should provide sufficient offset. With the price up over 40% since March, we think many of these favourable characteristics are now closer to being priced in.

In contrast, JD.com is a long-standing position, being a core holding since the inception of the Fund in 2015. JD is the second-largest e-commerce retailer in China, with 500m customers reported at the end of March compared to 387m in the comparable period a year ago, with management aiming to gain a further 100m in the year ahead. Customer growth has been driven by greater assortment and improvements in fulfilment. Their incredible logistics arm employs 200 000 people and has more than 1 000 warehouses, giving them almost complete geographical coverage of this massive country - all within their own control. More than 90% of orders are delivered either the same day or the next day. Customer loyalty is most evident when looking at purchase frequency and spend, which have increased four-fold and five-fold respectively since 2015.

JD has been effective in incubating new business units, with the most notable being JD Logistics (described above) and JD Health (an online health platform). Both have been separately listed successfully, with the holding company retaining 64% ownership in JD Logistics and 69% ownership in JD Health. This dynamic is important to consider when thinking about the implied valuation for the core retail business. The entire group has a market value of \$118bn but the market value of their listed stakes (\$50bn), together with the most recently reported net cash (\$19bn), means the market values the retail arm at only around \$50bn. The core retail business should generate \$135bn in revenue this year at a 4% EBIT (earnings before interest and taxes) margin. We believe this margin is well below normal, which could potentially be high single digits. If you apply a conservative 6% EBIT margin and the statutory 25% tax rate, the core retail business trades on less than 9x earnings for this year. Even at the current 4% margins, the multiple is only 12x earnings for a company growing topline at 20% p.a. This analysis ignores other balance sheet investments that they have, namely, JD Technology (fintech and cloud) and JD Property, which is increasingly housing their physical logistics assets off balance sheet by bringing in capital partners.

A final point worth considering is that the increased scrutiny of the technology sector in China could potentially benefit JD's retail business. They have historically been hurt by "pick one" tactics, whereby a brand that sells on multiple platforms is penalised on Alibaba's platforms. These tactics have resulted in JD having an inferior assortment for some key categories, such as fashion and beauty products. With the banning of these tactics by the regulators, merchants have been free to sell all products on all platforms, which should further improve the customer value proposition. The share is down around 25% from its peak in mid-February this year and offers around 100% upside to fair value, in our view. This is extremely attractive in both absolute and relative terms, and JD is thus a 3.5% position in the Fund.

Markets are at record highs, and considering the context of historically solid returns, coupled with near-term multiples on the high side, it would seem reasonable for investors to temper future return expectations. But as a reminder, we don't own the market. In fact, the Fund's 40-60 holdings look quite different to the market, and in our view, are qualitatively more durable, higher quality, and are well placed to deliver attractive returns over the long term.

Thank you for your continued support and interest in the Fund.

**Portfolio managers**  
**Neil Padoa and Humaira Survé**  
as at 30 June 2020

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL EQUITY SELECT FUND

The Global Equity Select Fund should be considered a long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The top 10 holdings are reflected on a look-through basis. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. Coronation reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Coronation Global Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited is authorised in Ireland and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The fund is approved under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act by the Financial Services Board of South Africa. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider.

JP Morgan Bank (Ireland) has been appointed as the fund's trustees ([www.jpmorgan.com](http://www.jpmorgan.com); t: +353-1-612-4000), and its custodian is JP Morgan Administration Services (Ireland) Limited ([www.jpmorgan.com](http://www.jpmorgan.com); t: +353-1-612-4000). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

### HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHAT PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every business day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 17h00 each business day (Irish Time) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach Coronation before 12h00 (SA Time) one day prior to the dealing date. You can expect to receive withdrawal payouts three business days after the dealing day. Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

### HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class A NAV prices with income distributions reinvested. All underlying price and distribution data is sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

### WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of September 2019 (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last quarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

### ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

### WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on [www.coronation.com](http://www.coronation.com). You will also find additional information on the considerations pertinent to investing in a fund denominated in a foreign currency and domiciled in an offshore jurisdiction.

The Prospectus of Coronation Global Opportunities Fund and Fund KIID can be sourced on the following link: <https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/strategy-information/literature/ucits-fund-library/umbrella-fund>.

A summary of Investor Rights can be sourced on the following link: <https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/about-us/ucits-v-disclosure/>.

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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